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[MFA](#)
[Press Room](#)
[About the Ministry](#)
[Consular Services](#)
[Foreign Policy](#)
[International](#)
[MFA](#) ▶ [Foreign Policy](#) ▶ [Peace](#) ▶ [Peace Process](#) ▶ [The Balfour Declaration](#)
[Peace Process](#)
[Tools and Information](#)
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[▶ Consular services FAQ](#)
[▶ Treaties and Agreements](#)
[▶ Historical Documents](#)

The Balfour Declaration

02 Nov 1917

The Balfour Declaration November 2, 1917

During the First World War, British policy became gradually committed to the idea of establishing a Jewish home in Palestine (Eretz Yisrael). After discussions in the British Cabinet, and consultation with Zionist leaders, the decision was made known in the form of a letter by Arthur James Lord Balfour to Lord Rothschild. The letter represents the first political recognition of Zionist aims by a Great Power.

Foreign Office
November 2nd, 1917

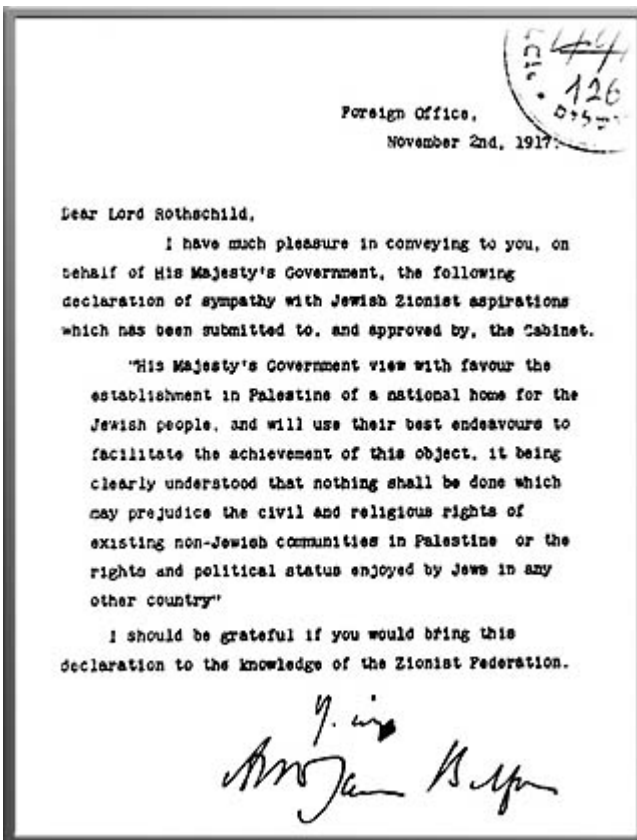
Dear Lord Rothschild,

I have much pleasure in conveying to you, on behalf of His Majesty's Government, the following declaration of sympathy with Jewish Zionist aspirations which has been submitted to, and approved by, the Cabinet.




"His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavours to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine, or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country."

I should be grateful if you would bring this declaration to the knowledge of the Zionist Federation.

Yours sincerely,
Arthur James Balfour



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